PRE TIMES FOUNDED 1986

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## VETO OF MAYOR IS LAID ON TABLE

Mills Annexation Ordinance Goes Over Till Next Meeting.

### UNABLE TO ADOPT **EMPLOY TACTICS**

Debate of Parliamentary Right to Table in Face of Veto, But Mr. Mills is Sustained-Two Former Supporters Absent-The Mayor's Reasons.

Manifestly because, owing to the absence of several of their supporters, they could not muster the necessary twenty four votes to adopt the Mills annexation

four votes to adopt the Mills annexation ordinance over the Mayor's veto, the friends of the measure last night made a successful fight to lay the matter on the table until the next meeting of the Common Council.

This was accomplished, however, only after a hard parliamentary battle, with Messrs. Mills and Bottom leading on one side and Messrs. Cannon and Pollock on the other. The Mayor's veto message was the first business laid before the body, and Mr. Mills moved to lay the ordinance on the table. Mr. Pollock made the point that the matter must be acted upon at once, and he and Mr. Cannon ably contended that this was made plain by the Constitution and charter, as well as by parliamentary law.

The chair overruled the point, and was sustained upon appeal by a vote of 18 to 12.

The ordinance was then tabled without a recorded vote.

The ordinance was then tabled withou

The absences were Messrs. McCaw and Well, who had hitherto voted for the ordinance, and Mr. Miner, who had voted

ordinance, and Mr. Miner, who had voted against it.

Mr. Pollock charged on the floor openly that the move was made because the advocates of the measure knew they had not the necessary twenty-four votes, while it required only a majority to table.

while it required only a majority to table.

Have Time to Examine.

Messrs, Mills and Dickerson, in urging that the ordinance be tabled, put it on the ground that the members should have time to examine the Mayor's reasons.

'The question of tabling, however, was not discussed among the leaders for the ordinance until the situation as to absentees became known. When asked last week and up to last night what will become of the ordinance, they would say: "We are going to adopt it over the veto of the Mayor."

Messrs, Poliock and Cannon contended that there is no warrant to be found in law for delaying action on a Mayor's veto from one meeting to another.

In the Mayor's message he urges ten reasons for withholding his signature from the Mills ordinance. He points out alleged engineering and sanitary difficulties under the Mills plan as chief among his objections.

When President Peters called to order at \$230 o'clock, all but four members of

his objections.

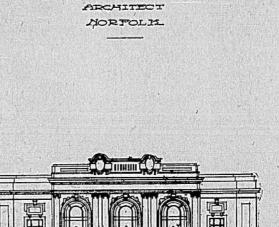
When President Peters called to order at 8:30 o'clock, all but four members of the hody were present, the main reason for the large attendance, perhaps, being the widespread interest in the Mayor's veto of the Mills annexation ordinance.

After the reading of the minutes, the first head was, "Communications from His Honor, the Mayor," and Clerk August read the veto message, which was heard for the first time and which is as follows:

RICHMOND, VA., TUESDAY, JUNE 6, 1905.

## THE REBUILDING OF JEFFERSON VIRGINIA

JOHN BEVAN PEEBLES ARCHITECT NORFOLK



MAIN STREET ELEVATION OF THE JEFFERSON, SHOWING NEW AUDITORIUM ON THE RIGHT.

Rising Nine Stories Above the Street Level the South End of the Hotel Will Be Far More Imposing and Beautiful Than Ever. The General Arrangement of the Interior Has Been Preserved. The Audition Will Prove a Most Handsome and Useful Addition to the Hotel,

lines Magnificent Edifice He Has Planned.

Side-Will Be Indestructible.

Greatest interest is felt not, only in Richmond, but all over the State, in the rebuilding of the Jefferson, and the cuts of the Main Street front and the floor plans presented to-day will be eagerly

The description of the new hotel by the architect, Mr. John Kevan Pecbles, of Norfolk, will also be read with great interest, for Mr. Peebles tells just what

He said last night: "It is designed to rebuild "The Jefferson" so as to make it as successful from an artistic point rebuild The Jetterson so as to make it as successful from an actistic point of the City of Richmond:

Gentlemen,—I have returned without my approval an ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Extend the Corporate Limits of the City of Richmond, in Pursuance of the Provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of Virginia, approved March 10, 1904, entitled An Act to Provide for the Extension of the Corporate Limits of Cities and Towns." adopted by the Common Council April 7th, and concurred in the City of Richmond, in Pursuance of Cities and Towns." adopted by the Common and about one hundred and of Aldermen May 9, 1905, My reasons for withholding my approval to this ordinance are as follows:

1. To incorporate Limits of the Corporate Limits of Cities and Towns." The Tomerity, be paid to the towns and about to the condinance are as follows:

1. To incorporate Limits of the Corporate Limits of Common and Principles of Extension of the Corporate Limits of the City of Richmond. In Pursuance of the Solomore and the Solomore and the Corporate Limits of the City of Richmond. In Pursuance of the Corporate Limits of the City of Richmond. In Pursuance of the Corporate Limits of the City of Richmond. In Pursuance of the Corporate Limits of the City of Richmond. In Pursuance of the Corporate Limits of the City of Richmond. In Pursuance of the Corporate Limits of the City of Richmond. In Pursuance of the Corporate Limits of the City of Richmond. In Pursuance of the Corporate Limits of the City of Richmond. In Pursuance of the City of Richmond. In Pursuance of the Corporate Limits of the Corporate Limits of the City of Richmond. In Pursuance of the City of Richmond. In Pursuance of the Corporate Limits of the City of Richmond. In Pursuance of the Corporate Limits of the

mon Council April 7th, and concurred by the Board of Alderman Ray approval to this ordinance are as follows:

1. To incorporate that section between Mount Calvary Cemetery and the Sorter Calvary Cometery and the Sorter Calvary Cal Company.

A negro theatries) performance by an agreement of the boundary fine at any given point which has not the determination of the exact location of the boundary fine at any given point of the possible for it, except that it was the particular benefits and the point of the possible for it, except that it was the co-ration they may be greatly improved.

3. As the final adoption at this time of any given point of the gathering in which the final point of the gathering in which the gathering in whic

Architect Peebles Minutely Out- Buildings Razed and Stocks and Crops Are Destroyed in Michigan.

### MUCH LARGER THAN EVER SEVERAL PEOPLE ARE KILLED

Nine Stories High On Main Street Men, Women and Children Badly Injured During Terrific. Storm.

(By Associated Press.)
DETROIT, MICH., June 5.—An electrical storm, which seems to have gone through Lower Michigan to-day, took the form of a tornado in the "thumb" district. Through the countles of Tascola and Sanilac it swept a path of death and devastation half a mile wide.

Mary Smith, child of John Smith, s farmer, near Urban, and a child of Edward Philpotts, also a farmer, near Urban, were killed. Three children of Edward Philpotts

a small son of John Smith, Mrs. Wag-

Specials to the Free Press from Sanliac

Specials to the Free Press from Sanilac Center say:

"The tornado started northeast of Caro and took a northeasterly direction, sweeping a path half a mile wide, in which residences and farm buildings were razed to the ground and stock and crops suffered heavy damage."

Before crossing the line from Tuscola into Sanile county the storm split in two. The weaker division passed throughout Novesta and Snover, while the more destructive branch passed further to the north, reaching Cass city. Urban and Laing. Near Colwood the house and barn of James H. Mulholland were destroyed, and the same fate overtook the home of Thomas Seeley. Near Cass city thriteen residences and nincteen barns were blown down.

### Tornado in New York.

(By Associated Press.)

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., June 5.—A tornado swept across a corner of this at about 11:15 o'clock to-night. Many house were blown down, and it is reported that several persons have been killed.

## POINTER ON THE WEATHER

# OUT OF RICHMOND

Will Appreclate Early Papers.

## THE TOWN MAKING SPLENDID PROGRESS

Many Improvements Have Recently Been Made That Add Greatly to the Substantial Comfort of the Town. The University On a Boom.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA., June 5. Every citizen of Charlottesville is loud in praise of the progressive move on the part of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway in sending an early morning train out of Richmond, so that the people of this city are able to get an early morning paper. The Times-Dispatch now reaches its readers at 10:30 o'clock in the morning, an hour and a half before any other morning paper is on the streets. This is not only the case on week days, but on Sunday also. The Times-Dispatch is in the hands of the people before any other paper. A prominent gentleman said to-day: "We buy The Times-Dispatch for one-half the price of the other Sunday papers, while it is as good, if not better, than any

it is as good, if not better, than any other that comes to our city."
Charlottesville is upon a great steady advance in all its branches. Its population is increasing in great strides; its natural advance is nothing less than marvellous; its public schools and educational advantages are beyond those of cities five times its size; its city income is more than ample to keep abreast of the times, and its civic and internal developments are such that it is attracting residents of the very best class.

Rapid Improvement.

Rapid Improvement. Rapid Improvement.

Perhaps nowhere in the State has there been a more rapid improvement in civic conditions and in municipal improvements than in Charlottesville, which, in a few years, has arisen from the narrow lines of a small town to the broad plane of a progressive and well ordered city. It is a fact of which its citizens are proud, that in the "boom" of several years ago, which spread all over the State, Charlottesville stands as being one (Continued on Third Page.)

# LINER ASHORE;

# MORE EQUITABLE

H. Schiff Resigns; Ingalls to Do Same.

## MILLS ALSO LIKELY TO GO

Inquiry Into Affairs of Society Resumed By State Superintendent of Insurance.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, June 5 .- Plans to establish harmony in the affairs of the Equitable Assurance Society were further complicated to-day by the resignation of two more directors, making five in all have recently retired from the

who have recently retired from the board.

A dispatch from Boston announced that T. Jefferson Coolidge had tendered his resignation to take effect immediately, and this was followed by the resignation of Jacob H. Schiff, head of the banking house of Kuhn, Loeb and Company, who has been a member of tan board of directors for twelve years. In addition, announcement came from Clincinnati that Melville E. Ingalls would also resign. John A. Stewart, one of the committee of seven appointed by the directors at their last meeting to nominate a chairman of the board, said today that he would not decide on what course he would adopt until the special meeting of the directors called for Wednesday. D. O. Mills, another member of the committee, said in all probability he would resign, but would not decide positively until the board meeting.

It is understood that August Belmont

decide positively until the board meeting.

It is understood that August Belmont has decided to serve on the nominating committee, regarding this as a duty to the society. Mr. Belmont, however, declined to discuss the affairs of the Equitable.

The inquiry into the affairs of the so-ciety was resumed to-day at the Equita-ble offices by State Superintendent of Insurance Hendricks, Gerald R. Brown, superintendent of the bond and mort-gage department of the society, was ex-mined, and Second Vice-President Tar-bell was again questioned. Superintend-ent Hendricks said that he had alroady examined Jacob H. Schiff, but would not say what other directors had been be-fore him.

### DECREE ISSUED AGAINST **NEW ORLEANS RAILWAYS**

NEW UKLEANS HAILWAYS

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, June 5.—Ancillary decree of foreclosure and sale in the suit of the New York Security and Trust Company against the New Orleans Railways Company was filed to-day in the United States Circuit Court here and was signed by Judge Lacombe. The original bill of foreclosure was granted by the Pederal Court of New Jersey in Trenton. The plaintiff was the trustee of a \$40,000,000 issue of bonds upon the properties of the defendant corporation, and on June 1, 1906, under the deed of trust, there became due bonds of the par value of 1,809,000 and interest amounting to \$400,702. Payment upon those securities, the constitution of the party of the constitution of the party of the constitution of the party value of 1,809,000 and interest amounting to \$400,702. Payment upon those securities, the 702. Payment upon these securities, the complaint charged, was wholly refused,

# 66 WANTHELP TO-DAY

The 66 advertisements for help pub lished in to-day's Times-Dispatch ou page 10 are as follows:

51 Trades. 2 Miscellaneous, 7 Salesmen. 6 Agents.

This not only interest those out of work, but those desiring to improve their positions as well.

Charlottesville People T. Jefferson Coolidge and Jacob Zemstvo Congress Prohibited and Serious Trouble is Expected To-day.

TREPOFF IS MADE DICTATOR

Czar's Ukase Creates Great Sensation-Alexieff and Others

Resign. (By Associated Press.)
GUNSHU PASS, MANCHURIA, June

5.—The Russian left has been slightly advanced. Otherwise the situation is unchanced.

(By Associated Press.)
HAMBURG, June 5.—News reached here from Libau that German seamen who were employed there for service with the fourth Russian squadron, which it was intended to send to the Far East, have received orders to return home, as their contract has been cancelled by recent events. This is considered proof that Russia has definitely abandoned further efforts to wrest the sea power from Japan.

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, June 6.—The Manila correspondent of the Dally Mall says it is reported that seven Japanese torpedo boat destroyers are waiting off Corregidor Islande.
The Tokio correspondent of the Dally Telegraph say the total Russian casualties in the naval battle were 14,000 perished, 4,600 captured, 3,060 escaped.

MOSCOW, June 6-2:48 A. M.-The MOSCOW. June 6—2:48 A. M.—The meeting of the allied Russian Zemstyo Congress, called for to-day, for which 280 delegates from various Zemtyos and municipalities, including the mayors of twenty-five cities arrived here yesterday and at which it was proposed to introduce resolutions calling for the immediate cessation of hostilities, has been prohibited. The order of prohibition, which arrived only late last night, has aroused the greatest indignation and resentment. Very many delegates are determined to defy the government and to

(Continued on Second Page.)

## LEAVES \$30,000,000 TO HIS ADOPTED SON

Great Zeigler Estate Goes to Fourteen-Year-Old Boy-Annuity for Widow.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, June 5 .- The will of William Zeigler, the patron of arctic explorations, was filed in this city to-day. estate is estimated to be worth \$30,000,000, and after provision is made of \$50,000 annuity to Mrs. Zeigler, together with the use of the Zeigler city and country homes, the residue of the estate is bequeathed to Mr. Zeigler's adopted son, William, who is now fourteen years of age. It provides that the son shall enter the gradual enjoyment of the estate beginning when he is twenty-five years old and ending when he is forty. No provision is made in the will for the continuation of Arctic exploration, but William S. Chant, Mr. Zeigler's private secretary, who is now on his way to the Arcile regions in search of And to succor the Zeigler expedition in charge of Anthony Fiald, is made one of the executors of the estate. estate is estimated to be worth \$30,000,000,

Dr. Alderman Honored. (By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, June 5.—The degree of doctor of laws was to-day conferred on President Edwin A. Alderman, of the University of Virginia by Columbia University.

## LITTLE HOPE NOW EARLY PEAGE

Nations Watching President. But Believe Task Will Be Fruitless.

### MORE CONFERENCES AT THE WHITE HOUSE

Japanese Minister, French Ambassador and British Charge d'Affairs See the President. Czar Said to Have Decided to Fight-Takahira's

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, June 5.—Peace in the Far East was the subject of another conference at the White House to-night between the President and Mr. Takahira the Japanese minister. It was the third conference of the day, which the President had had on this subject, Mr. Jusserand, the French ambassador and Mr. O'Beirne, the British charge d'affairs

having been callers at the White House

this morning. Mr. Takahira called at the White House shortly after 9 o'clock. Thus far he has not been able to tell the President except in the most general and unofficial way what Japan is likely to demand of Russia, when the latter can be brought Russia, when the latter can be brought to discuss peace. The President was unable to give Mr. Takahira any intimation of how Russia has viewed the annihilation of her fleet, and until Count Cassini's report of his visit to the White House has been replied to from St. Petersburg no further progress toward peace can be made in that direction.

It is realized by the Washington government that the Mikado has a formidable was party in Impan to core with

able war party in Japan to cope with, and this is one of the reasons why it is difficult for Tokio to give Washington definite information about what her

definite information about what her terms would be in the light of Admiral Togo's latest vidtory.

Regarding the general situation, it cas be announced that Europe regards the President as the most available medium for the preliminary communication between St. Petersburg and Tokio, and Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, and Mr. Takahira are both convinced of the President's sincerity and friendliness to both belligerents in his conferences of the war.

Winterer may be the result of the important conference the President had with Count Cassini, the exchanges between Weishington and the European tween Weshington and the European capitals are gradually bringing about s thorough understanding among the neutral powers, which will enable them to present a united front when peace negotiations do begin. European advices received here indicate that the neutral powers are inclined to share the President's aversion to an international conference, and that they are inclined to the belief that all intorests can best be served by direct negotiations between the beligorents. Mr. Takahira said to-night: "Tokio is always for peace, but," hadded significantly, "Russia must first realize the present situation in all its seriousness and be prepared to face it." seriousness and be prepared to face it.

### Czar Determined to Continue War for Some Time.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 5-7:45 P. M. ST. PETERSBURG, June 8-7:45 P. M. The interview between President Rosevet and Ambassador Cassain, at Washington, regarding peace in the Far Easi has not borne fruit here, Foreign Minister Lamsdorff has not yet visited Tsarkoe Selo, but will lay Count Cassain's dispatch before the Emperor to-morrow, the regular audience day.

The Associated Press was informed at the foreign office that Count Cassain's report places the whole conversation is a purely informal light and it is expected that Russia's answer will be returned in an equally informal manner. The officials did not hesitate to express the

ed in an equally informal manner. The officials did not hesitate to express the opinion that the determination to continue the war was fixed and definite. They seemed pleased with President Roosevelt's friendly spirit, which war manifested in such a form as not to require a formal reply. Ambassador Meyeldid not receive any dispatches on the subject during the day and after the flutter of excitement in diplomatic circle caused by the press dispatches regarding the Washington interview the representatives of the Powers here are disposed to look upon the attempts to end the way as fruitless until after another land battle at least.

### London Diplomats Believe Was Will Go On,

Will Go On,

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, June 5.—Accounts of President Roosevelt's Interviews with Mr. Takahira, the Japanese minister, at Washington; Count Cassini, Baron Spect Von Sternberg and other ambassadors which are alleged to have been along the line of efforts to bring mediation, are receiving much attention here, but in diplomatic circles, it is not believed that they will result in securing peace. The belief is firm in all quarters that Russia will continue the war. Peace reports comfrom Paris, Berlin and St. Petersburg as well as from Washington, but not single definite indication of peace of even of intervention can be obtained. At the Russian embassy it is declared that the war will be continued and at the Japanese embassy it is said there is not expectation of a peace offer, while the foreign office states that it does not know of any movement towards peace. As far as can be ascertained the British government has made no attempt to bring about intervention.

Washington Affairs.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 5.—Virginia
postmasters appointed:
Frederick's Hall, Louisa county, Edward P.
Waller, Wes John Hardenbergh, removed,
Bydnersville, Frunkin county, Dyer W. Ram
sey, vice T. J. Ramsey, resigned.
Under annual readjustment the postmaster at
Elkin, North Carolina, receives an increase is
salary, from 11,000 to 31,100.

Richmonders in New York. of New York, June 3—Cadillac, J. R. Warth, N. E. J. Beale, Wolcott, Miss Bosher, Maria, berough, C. C. Burton, Breadway Central, B. R. Goodman, Earlington, M. Martin, York, J. C. Chicoly, Herald Square, W. C. Whitness,